

Keʻena Kuleana Hoʻokipa O Hawaiʻi Hawaiʻi Convention Center 1801 Kalākaua Avenue, Honolulu, Hawaiʻi 96815 **kelepona** tel 808 973 2255 **kelepaʻi** fax 808 973 2253

kahua pa'a web hawaiitourismauthority.org

Josh Green, M.D. Governor

John De Fries

President and Chief Executive Officer

January 2023 Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report

Hawai'i hotels statewide reported stronger revenue per available room (RevPAR), average daily rate (ADR), and occupancy in January 2023 compared to January 2022. When compared to prepandemic January 2019, statewide ADR and RevPAR were also higher but occupancy rate was lower in January 2023.

According to the Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report published by the Hawai'i Tourism Authority (HTA), statewide RevPAR in January 2023 was \$286 (+26.9%), with ADR at \$391 (+12.3%) and occupancy of 73.0 percent (+8.4 percentage points) compared to January 2022 (Figure 1). Compared with January 2019, RevPAR was 20.8 percent higher, driven by higher ADR (+31.5%) which offset lower occupancy (-6.5 percentage points) (Figure 3).

The report's findings utilized data compiled by STR, Inc., which conducts the largest and most comprehensive survey of hotel properties in the Hawaiian Islands. For January 2023, the survey included 154 properties representing 47,189 rooms, or 85.2 percent of all lodging properties with 20 rooms or more in the Hawaiian Islands, including those offering full service, limited service, and condominium hotels. Vacation rental and timeshare properties were not included in this survey.

Hawai'i hotel room revenues statewide totaled \$490.6 million (+26.3% vs. 2022, +23.8% vs. 2019) in January 2023. Room demand was 1.3 million room nights (+12.4% vs. 2022, -5.9% vs. 2019) and room supply was 1.7 million room nights (-0.5% vs. 2022, +2.5% vs. 2019) (Figure 2).

Luxury Class properties earned RevPAR of \$536 (+21.6% vs. 2022, +18.2% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$872 (+3.4% vs. 2022, +41.9% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 61.4 percent (+9.2 percentage points vs. 2022, -12.3 percentage points vs. 2019). Midscale & Economy Class properties earned RevPAR of \$206 (+22.5% vs. 2022, +32.4% vs. 2019) with ADR at \$276 (+11.8% vs. 2022, +45.6% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 74.8 percent (+6.5 percentage points vs. 2022, -7.4 percentage points vs. 2019).

Maui County hotels led the counties in January 2023 and achieved RevPAR of \$429 (+26.6% vs. 2022, +29.3% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$635 (+11.2% vs. 2022, +44.7% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 67.6 percent (+8.2 percentage points vs. 2022, -8.0 percentage points vs. 2019). Maui's luxury resort region of Wailea had RevPAR of \$594 (+13.4% vs. 2022, +6.4% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$1,017 (+12.3% vs. 2022, +56.1% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 58.4 percent (+0.6 percentage points vs. 2022, -27.3 percentage points vs. 2019). The Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/Kapalua region had RevPAR of \$397 (+37.8% vs. 2022, +44.4% vs. 2019), ADR at \$553 (+15.7% vs. 2022, +49.1% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 71.7 percent (+11.5 percentage points vs. 2022, -2.4 percentage points vs. 2019).

Kaua'i hotels earned RevPAR of \$314 (+30.8% vs. 2022, +31.8% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$420 (+13.3% vs. 2022, +31.1% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 74.8 percent (+10.0 percentage points vs. 2022, +0.4 percentage points vs. 2019).

Hotels on the island of Hawai'i reported RevPAR at \$324 (+12.0% vs. 2022, +41.7% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$427 (+2.4% vs. 2022, +43.3% vs. 2019), and occupancy of 76.0 percent (+6.5 percentage points vs. 2022, -0.9 percentage points vs. 2019). Kohala Coast hotels earned

RevPAR of \$443 (+7.3% vs. 2022, +37.1% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$580 (-4.2% vs. 2022, +37.1% vs. 2019), and occupancy of 76.3 percent (+8.2 percentage points vs. 2022, no change vs. 2019).

Oʻahu hotels reported RevPAR of \$209 (+32.5% vs. 2022, +5.5% vs. 2019) in January, ADR at \$280 (+17.0% vs. 2022, +16.8% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 74.4 percent (+8.7 percentage points vs. 2022, -8.0 percentage points vs. 2019). Waikīkī hotels earned RevPAR of \$200 (+34.7% vs. 2022, +2.5% vs. 2019), with ADR at \$269 (+18.2% vs. 2022, +14.4% vs. 2019) and occupancy of 74.2 percent (+9.1 percentage points vs. 2022, -8.6 percentage points vs. 2019).

Tables of hotel performance statistics, including data presented in the report are available for viewing online at: https://www.hawaiitourismauthority.org/research/infrastructure-research/

About the Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report

The Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report is produced using hotel survey data compiled by STR, Inc., the largest survey of its kind in Hawai'i. The survey generally excludes properties with under 20 lodging units, such as small bed and breakfasts, youth hostels, single-family vacation rentals, cottages, individually rented vacation condominiums and sold timeshare units no longer available for hotel use. The data has been weighted both geographically and by class of property to compensate for any over and/or under representation of hotel survey participants by location and type.

For January, the survey included 154 properties representing 47,189 rooms, or 85.2 percent of all lodging properties with 20 rooms or more in the Hawaiian Islands, including full service, limited service, and condominium hotels. The January survey included 79 properties on Oʻahu representing 29,103 rooms (95.8%); 40 properties in the County of Maui, representing 9,757 rooms (72.3%); 16 properties on the island of Hawaiʻi, representing 4,879 rooms (70.6%); and 19 properties on Kauaʻi, representing 3,450 rooms (75.0%).

About the Hawai'i Tourism Authority

The Hawai'i Tourism Authority is the state agency responsible for holistically managing tourism in a sustainable manner consistent with community desires, economic goals, cultural values, preservation of natural resources, and visitor industry needs. HTA works with the community and industry to *Mālama Ku'u Home* – care for our beloved home. For more information about HTA, visit www.hawaiitourismauthority.org or follow @HawaiiHTA on Facebook, Instagram, and Twitter.

Figure 1: Hawai'i Hotel Performance January 2023

| | 1 igure 1. Hawai i Hotel i ellorinance dandary 2020 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------|------------|----------------------|------------|--------|----------|----------|--------|
| | Occupancy % Percentage | | | Average Daily Rate % | | | RevPAR % | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 | Pt. Change | 2023 | 2022 | Change | 2023 | 2022 | Change |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| State of Hawai'i | 73.0% | 64.6% | 8.4% | \$391.43 | \$348.41 | 12.3% | \$285.70 | \$225.05 | 26.9% |
| Luxury Class | 61.4% | 52.2% | 9.2% | \$872.37 | \$843.34 | 3.4% | \$535.95 | \$440.63 | 21.6% |
| Upper Upscale Class | 75.0% | 65.5% | 9.5% | \$355.68 | \$311.09 | 14.3% | \$266.83 | \$203.82 | 30.9% |
| Upscale Class | 75.9% | 68.7% | 7.2% | \$289.51 | \$250.86 | 15.4% | \$219.81 | \$172.46 | 27.5% |
| Upper Midscale Class | 74.2% | 67.6% | 6.6% | \$251.36 | \$216.45 | 16.1% | \$186.54 | \$146.41 | 27.4% |
| Midscale & Economy Class | 74.8% | 68.3% | 6.5% | \$275.86 | \$246.69 | 11.8% | \$206.39 | \$168.48 | 22.5% |
| Oʻahu | 74.4% | 65.7% | 8.7% | \$280.49 | \$239.73 | 17.0% | \$208.76 | \$157.61 | 32.5% |
| Waikīkī | 74.2% | 65.1% | 9.1% | \$269.28 | \$227.85 | 18.2% | \$199.91 | \$148.41 | 34.79 |
| Other Oʻahu | 75.5% | 69.2% | 6.3% | \$342.12 | \$302.74 | 13.0% | \$258.26 | \$209.45 | 23.39 |
| Oʻahu Luxury | 61.8% | 40.8% | 20.9% | \$697.95 | \$679.60 | 2.7% | \$431.17 | \$277.55 | 55.3° |
| Oʻahu Upper Upscale | 75.0% | 66.7% | 8.4% | \$289.30 | \$246.83 | 17.2% | \$217.06 | \$164.57 | 31.99 |
| Oʻahu Upscale | 80.2% | 73.5% | 6.7% | \$206.97 | \$190.63 | 8.6% | \$165.93 | \$140.13 | 18.49 |
| Oʻahu Upper Midscale | 71.6% | 65.0% | 6.6% | \$171.10 | \$154.56 | 10.7% | \$122.57 | \$100.49 | 22.09 |
| Oʻahu Midscale & Economy | 74.9% | 69.8% | 5.2% | \$152.73 | \$140.70 | 8.6% | \$114.46 | \$98.16 | 16.69 |
| · | | | | | | | | | |
| Maui County | 67.6% | 59.4% | 8.2% | \$635.21 | \$571.13 | 11.2% | \$429.38 | \$339.10 | 26.6° |
| Wailea | 58.4% | 57.8% | 0.6% | \$1,017.48 | \$906.18 | 12.3% | \$594.20 | \$523.84 | 13.4 |
| Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/Kapalua | 71.7% | 60.2% | 11.5% | \$553.28 | \$478.09 | 15.7% | \$396.64 | \$287.77 | 37.8° |
| Other Maui County | 62.9% | 58.4% | 4.4% | \$743.29 | \$682.68 | 8.9% | \$467.26 | \$398.82 | 17.29 |
| Maui County Luxury | 53.7% | 51.6% | 2.2% | \$1,120.64 | \$1,008.69 | 11.1% | \$601.99 | \$520.09 | 15.79 |
| Maui County Upper | 72.9% | 62.4% | 10.5% | \$517.65 | \$450.16 | 15.0% | \$377.27 | \$280.73 | 34.49 |
| Upscale & Upscale | | | | | | | | | |
| Island of Hawai'i | 76.0% | 69.5% | 6.5% | \$426.90 | \$416.83 | 2.4% | \$324.35 | \$289.61 | 12.09 |
| Kohala Coast | 76.3% | 68.2% | 8.2% | \$580.37 | \$605.76 | -4.2% | \$443.07 | \$412.94 | 7.3% |
| Kauaʻi | 74.8% | 64.8% | 10.0% | \$419.80 | \$370.61 | 13.3% | \$314.13 | \$240.17 | 30.8 |

Source: STR, Inc. © Copyright 2023 Hawai'i Tourism Authority

Note: Samples for some classes and regions were insufficient for reporting purposes, but these data were included in island and statewide totals.

Figure 2: Hawai'i Hotel Performance by Measure January 2023

| | Supply (thousands) | | | | Demand (thousands) | | | Revenue (millions) | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | % Change | 2023 | 2022 | % Change | 2023 | 2022 | % Change | |
| State of Hawaiʻi | 1,717.3 | 1,726.8 | -0.5% | 1,253.5 | 1,115.4 | 12.4% | 490.6 | 388.6 | 26.3% | |
| Oʻahu | 941.8 | 949.6 | -0.8% | 701.0 | 624.3 | 12.3% | 196.6 | 149.7 | 31.4% | |
| Waikīkī | 798.9 | 806.5 | -0.9% | 593.1 | 525.3 | 12.9% | 159.7 | 119.7 | 33.4% | |
| Maui County | 418.5 | 419.5 | -0.2% | 282.9 | 249.0 | 13.6% | 179.7 | 142.2 | 26.3% | |
| Wailea Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/ | 91.7 | 91.9 | -0.2% | 53.6 | 53.1 | 0.8% | 54.5 | 48.1 | 13.2% | |
| Kapalua | 224.4 | 225.6 | -0.5% | 160.9 | 135.8 | 18.5% | 89.0 | 64.9 | 37.1% | |
| Island of Hawaiʻi | 214.4 | 218.4 | -1.9% | 162.9 | 151.8 | 7.3% | 69.5 | 63.3 | 9.9% | |
| Kohala Coast | 91.9 | 91.7 | 0.2% | 70.1 | 62.5 | 12.2% | 40.7 | 37.9 | 7.5% | |
| Kauaʻi | 142.7 | 139.3 | 2.4% | 106.8 | 90.3 | 18.2% | 44.8 | 33.5 | 33.9% | |

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Figure 3: Hawai'i Hotel Performance January 2023 vs. 2019

| <u> </u> | | | 101011 01101 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|--|
| | Occupancy % | | | Average Daily Rate | | | RevPAR | | | |
| | 2022 | 2019 | Percentage Pt. Change | 2023 | 2019 | % Change | 2022 | 2010 | % Changa | |
| | 2023 | 2019 | Pt. Change | 2023 | 2019 | Change | 2023 | 2019 | Change | |
| State of Hawai'i | 73.0% | 79.5% | -6.5% | \$391.43 | \$297.56 | 31.5% | \$285.70 | \$236.51 | 20.8% | |
| Luxury Class | 61.4% | 73.8% | -12.3% | \$872.37 | \$614.57 | 41.9% | \$535.95 | \$453.28 | 18.2% | |
| Upper Upscale Class | 75.0% | 82.0% | -7.0% | \$355.68 | \$292.50 | 21.6% | \$266.83 | \$239.95 | 11.2% | |
| Upscale Class | 75.9% | 76.1% | -0.1% | \$289.51 | \$223.77 | 29.4% | \$219.81 | \$170.21 | 29.1% | |
| Upper Midscale Class | 74.2% | 82.8% | -8.6% | \$251.36 | \$165.43 | 51.9% | \$186.54 | \$136.97 | 36.2% | |
| Midscale & Economy Class | 74.8% | 82.2% | -7.4% | \$275.86 | \$189.52 | 45.6% | \$206.39 | \$155.85 | 32.4% | |
| Oʻahu | 74.4% | 82.4% | -8.0% | \$280.49 | \$240.10 | 16.8% | \$208.76 | \$197.83 | 5.5% | |
| | 74.4% | 82.9% | -8.6% | \$260.49 | \$235.39 | 14.4% | \$199.91 | \$197.03 | 2.5% | |
| Waikīkī | 75.5% | 62.9% 79.5% | -6.6% -4.0% | \$209.20 | \$269.85 | 26.8% | \$199.91 | \$195.06 | 2.5% | |
| Other Oʻahu Oʻahu Luxury | 61.8% | 68.6% | -4.0% -6.8% | \$697.95 | \$527.69 | 32.3% | \$431.17 | \$362.02 | 19.1% | |
| Oʻahu Luxury Oʻahu Upper Upscale | 75.0% | 84.8% | - 9.8% | \$289.30 | \$263.86 | 9.6% | \$217.06 | \$223.86 | -3.0% | |
| Oʻahu Upscale | 80.2% | 81.4% | -1.2% | \$209.30 | \$192.15 | 7.7% | \$165.93 | \$156.37 | 6.1% | |
| Oʻahu Upper Midscale | 71.6% | 82.9% | -1.2% -11.3% | \$171.10 | \$156.63 | 9.2% | \$103.93 | \$129.90 | -5.6% | |
| Oʻahu Midscale & Economy | 74.9% | 86.2% | -11.2% | \$171.10 | \$130.03 | 16.0% | \$114.46 | \$113.48 | 0.9% | |
| O and Midscale & Economy | 74.970 | 00.270 | -11.270 | φ132.73 | φ131.07 | 10.070 | φ114.40 | φ113.40 | 0.970 | |
| Maui County | 67.6% | 75.6% | -8.0% | \$635.21 | \$438.99 | 44.7% | \$429.38 | \$332.08 | 29.3% | |
| Wailea | 58.4% | 85.7% | -27.3% | \$1,017.48 | \$651.71 | 56.1% | \$594.20 | \$558.72 | 6.4% | |
| Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/Kapalua | 71.7% | 74.1% | -2.4% | \$553.28 | \$371.00 | 49.1% | \$396.64 | \$274.73 | 44.4% | |
| Other Maui County | 62.9% | 77.7% | -14.8% | \$743.29 | \$521.70 | 42.5% | \$467.26 | \$405.26 | 15.3% | |
| Maui County Luxury | 53.7% | 77.0% | -23.3% | \$1,120.64 | \$719.63 | 55.7% | \$601.99 | \$554.43 | 8.6% | |
| Maui County Upper Upscale | 72.9% | 75.3% | -2.4% | \$517.65 | \$349.31 | 48.2% | \$377.27 | \$263.02 | 43.4% | |
| & Upscale | | | | | | | | | | |
| Island of Hawai'i | 76.0% | 76.8% | -0.9% | \$426.90 | \$297.89 | 43.3% | \$324.35 | \$228.89 | 41.7% | |
| Kohala Coast | 76.3% | 76.3% | 0.0% | \$580.37 | \$423.40 | 37.1% | \$443.07 | \$323.15 | 37.1% | |
| Kauaʻi | 74.8% | 74.5% | 0.4% | \$419.80 | \$320.18 | 31.1% | \$314.13 | \$238.42 | 31.8% | |

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Note: Samples for some classes and regions were insufficient for reporting purposes, but these data were included in island and statewide totals.

Figure 4: Hawai'i Hotel Performance by Measure January 2023 vs. 2019

| | | Supply (thousands) | % | | Demand (thousands) | % | | Revenue (millions) | % |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|---------------------------|--------|-------|-----------------------|--------|
| | 2023 | 2019 | Change | 2023 | 2019 | Change | 2023 | 2019 | Change |
| State of Hawai'i | 1,717.3 | 1,676.2 | 2.5% | 1,253.5 | 1,332.3 | -5.9% | 490.6 | 396.4 | 23.8% |
| Oʻahu | 941.8 | 942.5 | -0.1% | 701.0 | 776.5 | -9.7% | 196.6 | 186.5 | 5.5% |
| Waikīkī | 798.9 | 8.808 | -1.2% | 593.1 | 670.3 | -11.5% | 159.7 | 157.8 | 1.2% |
| Maui County | 418.5 | 394.5 | 6.1% | 282.9 | 298.4 | -5.2% | 179.7 | 131.0 | 37.2% |
| Wailea Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/ | 91.7 | 68.0 | 34.8% | 53.6 | 58.3 | -8.2% | 54.5 | 38.0 | 43.4% |
| Kapalua | 224.4 | 221.2 | 1.5% | 160.9 | 163.8 | -1.8% | 89.0 | 60.8 | 46.5% |
| Island of Hawaiʻi | 214.4 | 199.1 | 7.7% | 162.9 | 153.0 | 6.5% | 69.5 | 45.6 | 52.6% |
| Kohala Coast | 91.9 | 93.0 | -1.2% | 70.1 | 71.0 | -1.2% | 40.7 | 30.1 | 35.5% |
| Kauaʻi | 142.7 | 140.2 | 1.8% | 106.8 | 104.4 | 2.3% | 44.8 | 33.4 | 34.1% |

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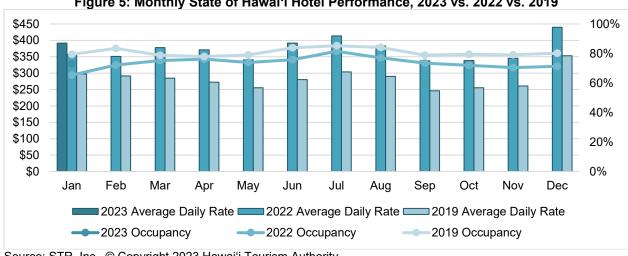
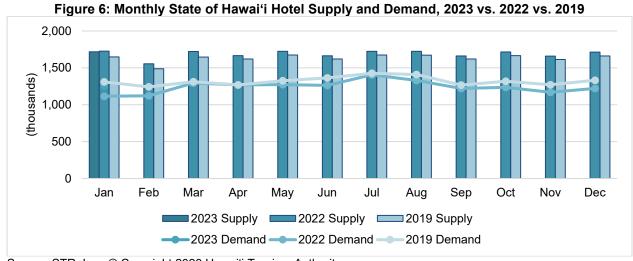
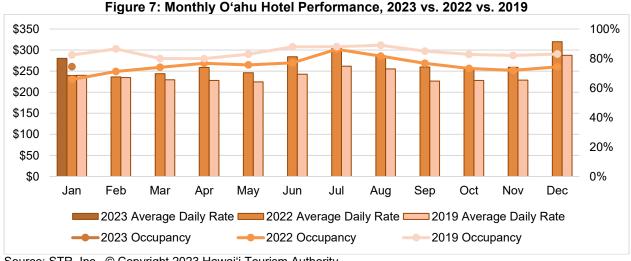


Figure 5: Monthly State of Hawai'i Hotel Performance, 2023 vs. 2022 vs. 2019

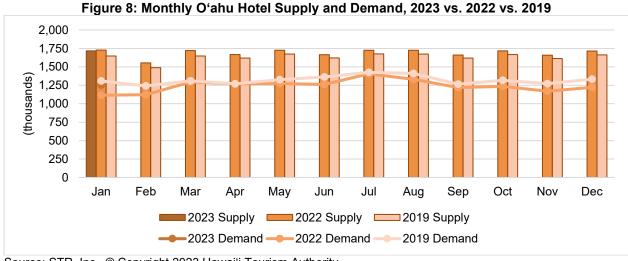
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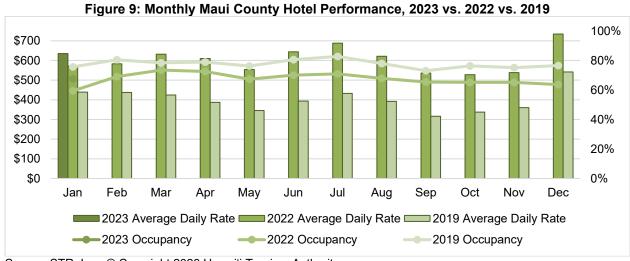
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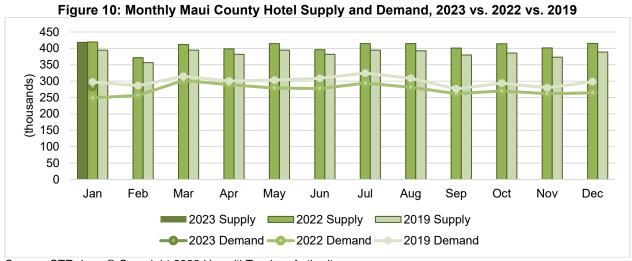
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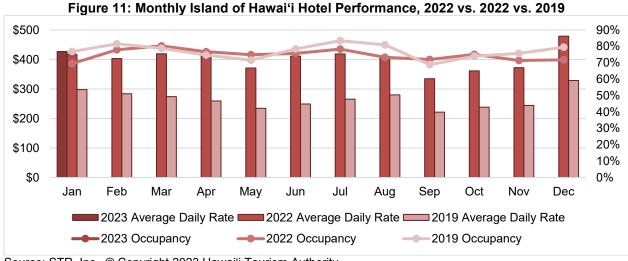
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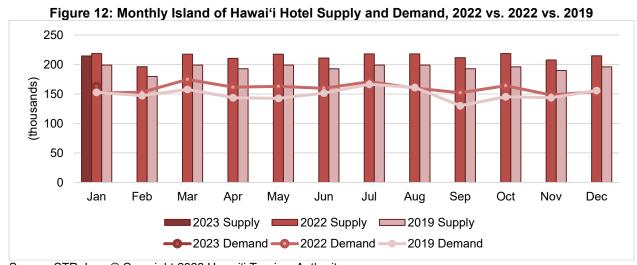
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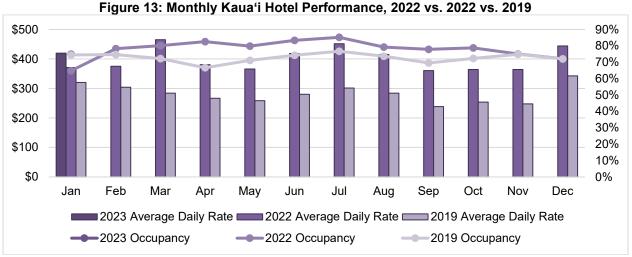
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