

Cruise Fact Sheet

Cruise Overview

Cruise ships have played a vital role in Hawaii's tourism industry for nearly 150 years. The Hawai'i Tourism Authority (HTA) selected Access Cruise, Inc. to provide cruise consultation services and assist the HTA in its objective of developing and maintaining cruise calls as well as nurturing relationships for long-term collaborative partnerships that allow the cruise brands to align and educate guests based on HTA's initiatives. The cruise industry provides valuable economic benefits to many local providers of all sizes within the Hawaiian Islands.

Year-to-Date February 2024 Quick Facts

Spending by visitors who came by out-of-state cruise ships ¹ : Arrivals by out-of-state cruise ships:	\$18.5 million 37,616 visitors
Number of tours from out-of-state cruise ships:	26 tours
Average length of stay:	4.70 days
First time visitors:	38.6%
Repeat visitors:	61.4%
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From visitors who come vis out of state						YTD Feb.	YTD Feb.	
From visitors who came via out-of-state cruise ships	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	2024P	2023P	% Change
Visitor Expenditures (\$ Millions)	58.4	NA	NA	45.5	69.4	18.5	16.0	15.4%
Visitor Days	668,524	NA	NA	503,605	743,504	176,674	172,611	2.4%
Arrivals	143,508	NA	NA	95,309	156,041	37,616	36,759	2.3%
Average Daily Census	1,832	NA	NA	1,380	2,037	2,945	2,926	0.6%
Per Person Per Day Spending* (\$)	87.3	NA	NA	90.4	93.3	104.7	92.8	12.8%
Per Person Per Trip Spending* (\$)	406.7	NA	NA	477.7	444.7	491.6	435.9	12.8%
Length of Stay (days)	4.66	NA	NA	5.28	4.76	4.70	4.70	0.0%
# of tours Out-of-State cruise ships	68	NA	NA	52	73	26	17	52.9%

Due to COVID-19 and the "No Sail" order enforced by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), there were no cruise ships in Hawaii from April - December 2020. There were no cruise ships in Hawaii in 2021 due to the "conditional sail" order enforced by the CDC.

From visitors who came by air to board the Hawai'i home-ported ship*	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	YTD Feb. 2024P	YTD Feb. 2023P	% Change
Visitor Days	1,300,196	NA	NA	551,561	1,298,086	191,191	197,010	-3.0%
Arrivals	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	126,331	18,627	18,525	0.6%
Average Daily Census	3,562	NA	NA	1,511	3,556	3,187	3,339	-4.6%
Length of Stay (days)	10.66	NA	NA	10.48	10.28	10.26	10.63	-3.5%
Number of inter-island tours	52	NA	NA	39	52	8	8	0.0%

*Spending data from visitors on the Hawai'i home-ported ship Pride of America are combined with total spending by visitors who came by air service, published monthly on the HTA and DBEDT websites.

¹ Visitor counts, characteristics and spending of visitors who came by out-of-state cruise ships to Hawai'i are combined with statistics from visitors who came by air service to calculate total visitor data for the state of Hawai'i .

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Market Summary

- In 1882, Matson Navigation began offering commercial steamship service to Hawai'i. In 1887 Matson launched the *Lurline* steamship which began offering passenger service from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands. In 1914, Matson also started passenger service to Hawai'i from Los Angeles. With increasing passenger traffic to Hawai'i, Matson built the luxury liner, *S.S. Malolo*, in 1927, followed by luxury liners *Mariposa*, *Monterey* and another *Lurline* steamship between 1930 and 1932. These "White Ships" were instrumental in the development of tourism in Hawai'i. During World War II, Matson halted passenger service and used these ships for troop movement. By 1946, steamships returned to Hawai'i with capacity of over 700 passengers each. As air travel to Hawai'i evolved and demand increased, Matson pulled out of the cruise passenger business in 1971.
- From 1970 to 1984, cruise ships sporadically visited the Hawaiian Islands, until 1985 when American Hawaiian Cruises ships SS Independence and SS Constitution began operating 7-day interisland cruises. After the events of September 11, 2001, and the resulting drop in tourism, American Hawaii Cruises ended cruise operation in Hawai'i. Seeing an opportunity, Norwegian Cruise Lines (NCL) entered the interisland cruise market in 2001. Hawai'i's cruise industry saw cyclical growth over the next two decades. The highest total number of cruise arrivals recorded was in 2007 with 503,019 visitors, of which 130,999 visitors came on 80 tours from out-of-state cruise ships. Another 372,021 visitors came by air to board three NCL Hawai'i home-ported ships, Pride of Aloha, Pride of America and Pride of Hawai'i for interisland tours. The Pride of Aloha and Pride of Hawai'i stopped service by May 2008, and the Pride of America continued to operate interisland cruises to the present day.
- Cruise visitor arrivals and spending grew between 2016 to 2019, until COVID-19 halted all tourism to the islands.
- From March 14, 2020, through October 30, 2020, the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) enforced a "No Sail Order" on all cruise ships due to the risk of transmitting COVID-19. On November 1, 2020, the CDC implemented a "Conditional Sail Order", a phased approach for the resumption of passenger cruises. Due to these restrictions, cruise activities were suspended from mid-March 2020 through December 2021.
- Out-of-state cruise ships resumed sails to Hawai'i in January 2022. However, ships that came during the first quarter of 2022 operated at 50-70 percent of capacity, due to social distancing protocol and safety requirements. The Hawai'i home-ported cruise ship Pride of America (POA) suspended interisland cruises in the first quarter of 2022. POA resumed operation in April 2022 and operated at 50-60 percent capacity through August 2022. As COVID-19 cases declined and

restrictions eased, by year end 2022 most out-of-state cruise ships to Hawai'i and the Pride of America were operating at 80-85 percent of capacity.

- In the first two months of 2024, 37,616 visitors came to Hawai'i by way of 26 tours aboard outof-state cruise ships and 18,627 visitors flew to Hawai'i and boarded the Pride of America. In the first two months of 2023, 36,759 visitors came to Hawai'i by way of 17 tours aboard out-of-state cruise ships and 18,525 visitors flew to Hawai'i and boarded the Pride of America. In the first two months of pre-pandemic 2019, 28,348 visitors came to Hawai'i aboard 15 out-of-state cruise ships and 18,404 visitors flew to Hawai'i and boarded the Pride of America.
- In 2023, 156,041 visitors entered Hawai'i via 73 tours from out-of-state cruise ships. Spending by these visitors was \$69.4 million. There were 6,856 visitors who flew into Honolulu to board turnaround tours on out-of-state cruise ships. Turnaround tour occurred when visitors who arrived on out-of-state ships toured the islands and then departed Hawai'i by air. After the first group of cruise visitors left, a new group of visitors flew into Honolulu to embark on these ships, toured the islands, then most of them remained on these ships to visit the next port. Another 126,331 visitors came by air to board the Pride of America.

Market Conditions

- There are 90+ cruise brands operating 461 ships globally.
- It is estimated there will be over 33.5 million people cruising in 2024.
- There are 53 ocean cruise vessels on order with 11 new vessels to be delivered in 2024
- The largest source market is the USA with over 50 percent of the marketplace.
- The largest sailing region is the Caribbean (38%) followed by the Mediterranean (17.5%). Hawai'i is approximately 1 percent of cruise capacity.
- 94 percent of the cruise brands visiting Hawai'i are from North America.
- The Hawaiian Island's largest cruise partner is Norwegian Cruise Line with the home ported and U.S. flagged vessel, Pride of America. This is closely followed by Carnival Corporation which includes the cruise brands Princess Cruises, Holland America Line, Carnival Cruise Line and Seabourn Cruises.
- The high cruise season is October and April each year as cruise vessels transition between their summer & winter itineraries.
- It is estimated that there will be 22 different cruise brands visiting the Hawaiian Islands in 2024.

Distribution by Island

Out-of-state cruise ships Island Visitation	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	YTD Feb. 2024P	YTD Feb. 2023P	% Change
O'ahu	142,388	NA	NA	94,343	156,041	37,616	36,759	2.3%
Maui County	125,772	NA	NA	83,002	96,821	22,279	26,274	-15.2%
Maui	125,679	NA	NA	83,002	96,386	22,264	26,239	-15.1%
Moloka'i	2,584	NA	NA	1,055	2,728	621	315	97.4%
Lāna'i	4,546	NA	NA	2,310	5,193	969	830	16.7%
Kaua'i	90,316	NA	NA	61,137	91,520	24,644	23,896	3.1%
Hawai'i Island	127,671	NA	NA	85,697	137,080	31,571	29,708	6.3%

Hawaiʻi Home-ported ship Island Visitation	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	YTD Feb. 2024P	YTD Feb. 2023P	% Change
O'ahu	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	126,331	18,627	18,525	0.6%
Maui County	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	119,076	18,627	18,525	0.6%
Maui	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	119,043	18,627	18,525	0.6%
Moloka'i	987	NA	NA	285	868	78	94	-17.2%
Lāna'i	1,069	NA	NA	232	848	166	96	72.8%
Kaua'i	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	126,331	18,627	18,525	0.6%
Hawai'i Island	121,981	NA	NA	52,626	126,331	18,627	18,525	0.6%

First Timers vs. Repeat Visitors

Out-of-State Cruise Ships First Time/Repeat visitors	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	YTD Feb. 2024P	YTD Feb. 2023P	% Change
First Time Visitors (%)	35.1	NA	NA	28.4	30.6	38.6	29.9	8.7
Repeat Visitors (%)	64.9	NA	NA	71.6	69.4	61.4	70.1	-8.7
Hawaiʻi home-ported ship First Time/Repeat visitors	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023P	YTD Feb. 2024P	YTD Feb. 2023P	% Change
First Time Visitors (%)	55.5	NA	NA	53.0	54.7	53.0	51.0	2.0
Repeat Visitors (%)	44.5	NA	NA	47.0	45.3	47.0	49.0	-2.0