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## December 2020 Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance Report

In December 2020, the total monthly supply of statewide vacation rentals was 621,100 unit nights (-25.4%) and monthly demand was 251,300 unit nights (-59.9%), resulting in an average monthly unit occupancy of 40.5 percent (-34.9 percentage points) (Figure 1).

In comparison, Hawai'i's hotels had an average occupancy rate of 23.8 percent in December 2020. It is important to note that unlike hotels, condominium hotels, timeshare resorts and vacation rental units are not necessarily available year-round or each day of the month and often accommodate a larger number of guests than traditional hotel rooms. The unit average daily rate (ADR) for vacation rental units statewide in December was \$251, which was less than the ADR for hotels (\$291).

Beginning October 15, passengers arriving from out-of-state and traveling inter-county could bypass the mandatory 14-day self-quarantine with a valid negative COVID-19 NAAT test result from a Trusted Testing and Travel Partner through the state's Safe Travels program. Effective November 24, all trans-Pacific travelers participating in the pre-travel testing program were required to have a negative test result before their departure to Hawai'i, and test results would no longer be accepted once a traveler arrives in Hawai'i. On December 2, Kaua'i County temporarily suspended its participation in the state's Safe Travels program, making it mandatory for all travelers to Kaua'i to quarantine upon arrival. On December 10, the mandatory quarantine was reduced from 14 to 10 days in accordance with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's guidelines. The counties of Hawai'i, Maui, and Kalawao (Moloka'i) also had a partial quarantine in place in December.

In December, legal short-term rentals were allowed to operate on O'ahu, Hawai'i Island and Kaua'i as long as they were not being used as a quarantine location. For Maui County, vacation rentals were also allowed to operate during December, but could only be used as a place of quarantine by interisland travelers awaiting their pre-travel test results.

The Hawai'i Tourism Authority's (HTA) Tourism Research Division issued the report's findings utilizing data compiled by Transparent Intelligence, Inc. The data in this report specifically excludes units reported in HTA's *Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report* and *Hawai'i Timeshare Quarterly Survey Report*. In this report, a vacation rental is defined as the use of a rental house, condominium unit, private room in private home, or shared room/space in private home. This report also does not determine or differentiate between units that are permitted or unpermitted. The "legality" of any given vacation rental unit is determined on a county basis.

## Year-to-Date December 2020

Short-term rentals were not on the state's list of essential businesses at the beginning of June, and the county mayors then enacted their own rules regarding short-term rentals. On Oʻahu, short-term rentals were not allowed to operate for much of 2020. For Hawaiʻi Island, Kauaʻi and Maui County, legal short-term rentals were allowed to operate as long as they were not used as quarantine locations. However, in October, Maui County started allowing travelers awaiting their pre-travel test results to stay in a vacation rental as their place of quarantine.

In 2020, the statewide vacation rental supply fell by 39.6 percent compared to 2019 levels with 6.0 million available unit nights. Unit demand was more sharply impacted, down 65.1 percent to 2.6 million unit nights. The average 2020 occupancy for Hawai'i vacation rental units was 42.8 percent (-42.3 percentage points) and ADR was \$238 (-17.9%) (Figure 2). In comparison, Hawai'i hotels were 37.1 percent occupied in 2020 with ADR at \$267.

## Island Highlights

In December, Maui County had the largest vacation rental supply of all four counties with 250,800 available unit nights (-10.6%) and unit demand was 104,800 unit nights (-52.7%), resulting in 41.8 percent occupancy (-37.2 percentage points) with an ADR of \$277 (-24.8%). Maui County hotels were 26.0 percent occupied with an ADR of \$501.

During 2020, there were 2.1 million available unit nights in Maui County (-33.1%). Maui County vacation rental occupancy was 42.4 percent (-46.3 percentage points) and ADR was \$293. In comparison, Maui County hotels were 33.9 percent occupied in 2020 with ADR at \$414.

Oʻahu vacation rental supply was 135,900 available unit nights (-41.7%) in December. Unit demand was 62,800 unit nights (-64.4%), resulting in 46.2 percent occupancy (-29.5 percentage points) and an ADR of \$204 (-19.5%). Oʻahu hotels were 23.6 percent occupied with an ADR of \$184.

O'ahu had 1.7 million available unit nights (-46.4%) in 2020. O'ahu vacation rental occupancy was 42.4 percent (-43.4 percentage points) and ADR was \$184. In comparison, O'ahu hotels reported 39.0 percent occupancy in 2020 with ADR at \$216.

The island of Hawai'i vacation rental supply was 129,000 available unit nights (-35.8%) in December. Unit demand was 59,300 unit nights (-58.9%), resulting in 46.0 percent occupancy (-25.9 percentage points) with an ADR of \$232 (-7.4%). Hawai'i Island hotels were 26.8 percent occupied with an ADR of \$329.

Vacation rental supply for the year was down 42.1 percent to 1.4 million unit nights for Hawai'i Island. Hawai'i Island vacation rentals ended the year with 44.6 percent occupancy (-32.7 percentage points) and ADR of \$188 (-20.5). In comparison, Hawai'i Island hotels were 38.0 percent occupied in 2020 with ADR at \$254.

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Kaua'i had the fewest number of available unit nights in December at 105,500 (-10.7%). Unit demand was 24,400 unit nights (-71.2%), resulting in 23.1 percent occupancy (-48.7 percentage points) with an ADR of \$309 (-21.6%). Kaua'i hotels were 13.4 percent occupied with an ADR of \$178.

In 2020, Kaua'i vacation rental supply was 877,300 available unit nights (-33.7%) with 41.5 percent occupancy (-44.9 percentage points). Kaua'i vacation rental ADR was the highest in the state at \$297 (-21.0%). Kaua'i hotels were 33.0 percent occupied in 2020 with ADR at \$262.

Tables of vacation rental performance statistics, including data presented in the report are available for viewing online at:

https://www.hawaiitourismauthority.org/research/infrastructure-research/

## About the Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance Report

The Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance Report is produced using data compiled by Transparent Intelligence, Inc., which was selected by the Hawai'i Tourism Authority as the provider for these data services. The report includes data for properties that are listed on Airbnb, Booking.com, HomeAway and TripAdvisor. Data for units included in HTA's Hawai'i Hotel Performance Report and Hawai'i Timeshare Quarterly Report have been excluded from the Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance Report. This report also does not determine or differentiate between units that are permitted or unpermitted. The "legality" of any given vacation rental unit is determined on a county basis.

For December 2020, the report included data for 27,783 units, representing 47,908 bedrooms in the Hawaiian Islands.

Figure 1: Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance December 2020

	Unit Supply			Unit Demand			Unit Occupancy %			Unit Average Daily Rate			
	2020	2019	% Change	2020	2019	% Change	2020	2019	Percentage Pt. Change	2020	2019	% Change	
State of Hawaiʻi	621,122	832,756	-25.4%	251,309	627,447	-59.9%	40.5%	75.3%	-34.9%	\$251.46	\$312.62	-19.6%	
Oʻahu	135,879	233,019	-41.7%	62,844	176,578	-64.4%	46.2%	75.8%	-29.5%	\$203.91	\$253.35	-19.5%	
Waikīkī	79,990	118,201	-32.3%	36,531	93,054	-60.7%	45.7%	78.7%	-33.1%	\$156.76	\$229.04	-31.6%	
Maui County	250,779	280,658	-10.6%	104,764	221,612	-52.7%	41.8%	79.0%	-37.2%	\$277.42	\$368.81	-24.8%	
Wailea/Kīhei Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/ Nāpili/Kapalua	116,748 111,751	130,103 117,084	-10.3% -4.6%	52,083 43,068	107,705 88,230	-51.6% -51.2%	44.6% 38.5%	82.8% 75.4%	-38.2% -36.8%	\$251.27 \$320.20	\$354.25 \$414.16	-29.1% -22.7%	
Island of Hawaiʻi	128,953	200,921	-35.8%	59,279	144,386	-58.9%	46.0%	71.9%	-25.9%	\$232.17	\$250.79	-7.4%	
Kona	65,832	95,074	-30.8%	31,019	72,301	-57.1%	47.1%	76.0%	-28.9%	\$194.68	\$216.61	-10.1%	
Hilo/Honokaʻa	19,786	44,821	-55.9%	9,813	29,578	-66.8%	49.6%	66.0%	-16.4%	\$112.95	\$128.84	-12.3%	
Kauaʻi	105,511	118,158	-10.7%	24,422	84,871	-71.2%	23.1%	71.8%	-48.7%	\$309.28	\$394.42	-21.6%	
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Figure 2: Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance Year-to-Date December 2020

	Unit Supply			Unit Demand			Unit Occupancy %			Unit Average Daily Rate		
	2020	2019	% Change	2020	2019	% Change	2020	2019	Percentage Pt. Change	2020	2019	% Change
State of Hawaiʻi	6,022,559	9,963,351	-39.6%	2,576,007	7,390,734	-65.1%	42.8%	74.2%	-42.3%	\$238.24	\$290.28	-17.9%
Oʻahu	1,688,693	3,153,310	-46.4%	715,787	2,360,495	-69.7%	42.4%	74.9%	-43.4%	\$183.88	\$234.85	-21.7%
Waikīkī	882,552	1,383,310	-36.2%	381,415	1,084,349	-64.8%	43.2%	78.4%	-44.9%	\$153.68	\$220.42	-30.3%
Maui County	2,090,812	3,126,890	-33.1%	887,118	2,469,964	-64.1%	42.4%	79.0%	-46.3%	\$292.68	\$343.07	-14.7%
Wailea/Kīhei Lahaina/Kāʻanapali/ Nāpili/Kapalua	950,650 901,800	1,502,473 1,235,630	-36.7% -27.0%	427,154 357,928	1,210,524 965,170	-64.7% -62.9%	44.9% 39.7%	80.6% 78.1%	-44.2% -49.2%	\$282.17 \$327.71	\$332.01 \$382.77	-15.0% -14.4%
Island of Hawaiʻi	1,365,708	2,359,867	-42.1%	609,430	1,565,206	-61.1%	44.6%	66.3%	-32.7%	\$187.70	\$235.96	-20.5%
Kona	640,884	1,091,567	-41.3%	301,727	778,629	-61.2%	47.1%	71.3%	-34.0%	\$167.13	\$211.98	-21.2%
Hilo/Honokaʻa	296,699	550,245	-46.1%	127,027	326,861	-61.1%	42.8%	59.4%	-27.9%	\$103.90	\$135.32	-23.2%
Kauaʻi	877,346	1,323,284	-33.7%	363,672	995,069	-63.5%	41.5%	75.2%	-44.9%	\$297.14	\$376.19	-21.0%

Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority

\$400 100% 80% \$300 60% \$200 40% \$100 20% \$0 0% Jan Feb Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Mar 2020 Average Daily Rate 2019 Average Daily Rate ---2020 Occupancy ---2019 Occupancy

Figure 3: Monthly State of Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance - 2020 vs. 2019

Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

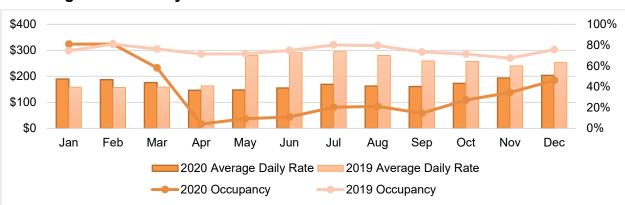


Figure 4: Monthly O'ahu Vacation Rental Performance - 2020 vs. 2019

Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

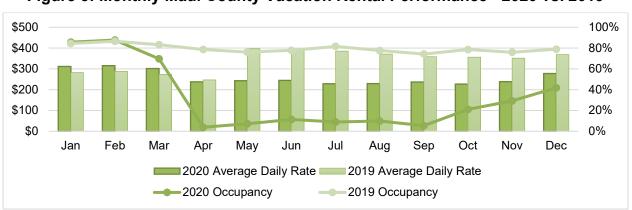
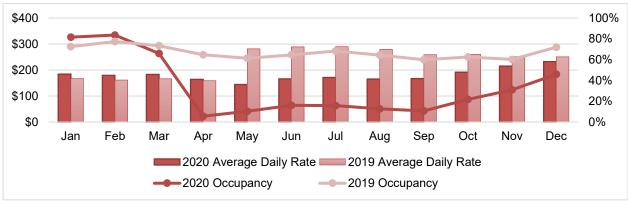


Figure 5: Monthly Maui County Vacation Rental Performance - 2020 vs. 2019

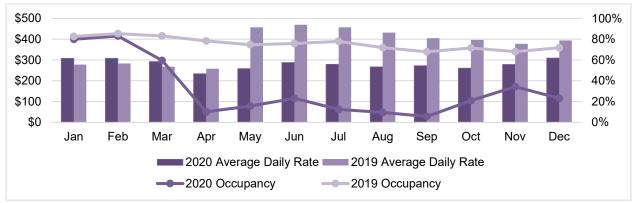
Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

Figure 6: Monthly Island of Hawai'i Vacation Rental Performance - 2020 vs. 2019



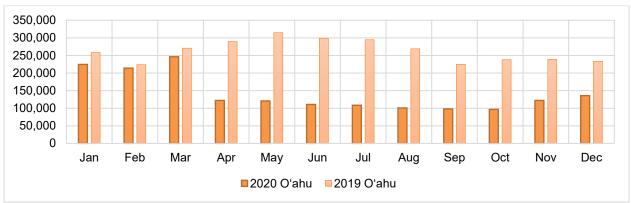
Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

Figure 7: Monthly Kaua'i Vacation Rental Performance - 2020 vs. 2019



Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

Figure 8: Monthly O'ahu Unit Night Supply - 2020 vs. 2019



Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

350,000 300,000 250,000 200,000 150,000 100,000 50,000 0 Jan Feb Mar Jun Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec May ■2020 Maui County ■2019 Maui County

Figure 9: Monthly Maui County Unit Night Supply - 2020 vs. 2019

Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

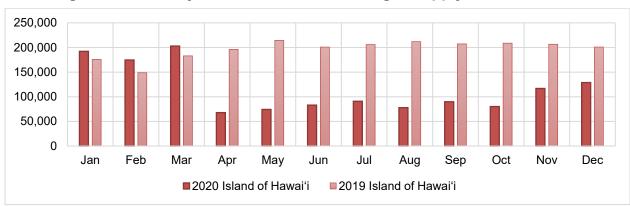


Figure 10: Monthly Island of Hawai'i Unit Night Supply - 2020 vs. 2019

Source: Transparent Intelligence, Inc. © Copyright 2021 Hawai'i Tourism Authority.

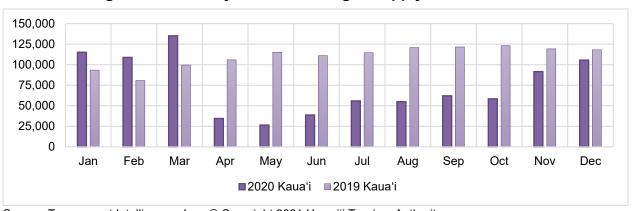


Figure 11: Monthly Kaua'i Unit Night Supply - 2020 vs. 2019

 $Source: Transparent\ Intelligence,\ Inc.\ \ \textcircled{o}\ Copyright\ 2021\ Hawai'i\ Tourism\ Authority.$